Template periodic disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 8, paragraphs 1, 2 and 2a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 6, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Sustainable
investment means
an investment in an
economic activity
that contributes to
an environmental or
social objective,
provided that the
investment does not
significantly harm
any environmental or
social objective and
that the investee
companies follow
good governance

practices.

The EU Taxonomy is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852 establishing a list of environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not lay down a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable investments with an environmental objective might be aligned with the Taxonomy or not.

Product name: C WORLDWIDE INTERNATIONAL EQUITIES Legal entity identifier: 967600QIGO353E50TF04 Reference period: 01/01/2024 to 31/12/2024

Environmental and/or social characteristics

Did this financial product have a sustainable investment objective?			
● ■ □ Yes	● ○ X No		
It made sustainable investments with an environmental objective:%	It promoted Environmental/Social (E/S) characteristics and while it did not have as its objective a sustainable investment, it had a proportion of% of sustainable investments		
in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	with an environmental objective in economic activities that qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		
in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy	with an environmental objective in economic activities that do not qualify as environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy		
	with a social objective		
It made sustainable investments with a social objective:%	It promoted E/S characteristics, but did not make any sustainable investments		



To what extent were the environmental and/or social characteristics by this financial product met?

The Strategy promoted environmental and social characteristics by considering Principal Adverse Impacts (PAI) on sustainability factors (**Principal Adverse Impacts**). The Principal Adverse Impacts Indicators are specified in the Principal Adverse Impacts Statement of the Investment Manager (**the Principal Adverse Impact Statement**). This analysis has been conducted prior to every new investment made.

The Strategy promoted social characteristics by avoiding investments in investee companies involved in controversial weapons (**Controversial weapons exclusion**). This has been screened for on a monthly basis.

The Strategy promoted social characteristics by avoiding investments in companies exceeding a certain level of involvement in small arms (**Sector exclusions**). This has been screened for on a monthly basis.

Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this financial product are attained.

There was no reference benchmark designated for the purpose of attaining the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Strategy (**Reference benchmark**).

How did the sustainability indicators perform?

Principal Adverse Impacts: Please see the table in the "How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?" section below.

Controversial weapons exclusion: Before an investment was made in an investee company and regularly during the holding period the Strategy has conducted screening of the activities of each investee company to avoid investments in companies involved in controversial weapons. No investee companies involved in controversial weapons were identified via the regular screenings during the holding period.

Sector exclusions: Before an investment was made in an investee company and regularly during the holding period the Strategy has conducted screening of the activities of each investee company to avoid investments in companies exceeding a certain level of involvement in specific activities. No investee companies exceeding such level of involvement in specific activities were identified via the regular screenings during the holding period.

	Controversial weapons exclusion				
Activities	Description of Activities	Level of Involvement	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2024	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2023	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2022
Controversial	Companies involved in the core weapon system of controversial weapons, or components or services of the core weapon system that are considered tailormade and essential for the lethal use of the weapon.	0%	0	0	0
Weapons	Companies providing components or services for the core weapon system of controversial weapons, which are either not considered tailor-made or not essential to the lethal use of the weapon.	0%	0	0	0

	Sector exclusions				
Activities	Description of Activities	Level of Involvement	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2024	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2023	Companies Exceeding Level of Involvement 2022
	Companies involved in the manufacturing, distribution, sale or retail sale of assault weapons.	5%	0	0	0
Small Arms	Companies involved in the manufacturing, distribution, sale or retail sale of small arms or key components to small arms.	5%	0	0	0

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and antibribery matters.

...and compared to previous periods?

The characteristics that are comparable to a previous period are principal adverse impacts, sector exclusions and, controversial weapons exclusion.

Please see the table in the "How did the sustainability indicators perform?" section above for further details.

The sustainability indicators are not subject to an audit statement or other review by a third party, including for historical comparisons.

The EU Taxonomy sets out a "do not significant harm" principle by which Taxonomyaligned investments should not significantly harm EU Taxonomy objectives and is accompanied by specific Union criteria.

The "do no significant harm" principle applies only to those investments underlying the financial product that take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities. The investments underlying the remaining portion of this financial product do not take into account the Union criteria for environmentally sustainable economic activities.

Any other sustainable investments must also not significantly harm any environmental or social objectives.



How did this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?

Principal adverse impacts were identified, prioritised, and assessed from a materiality perspective relevant to the specific investment strategy of the Strategy. A proprietary analysis tool based on Principal Adverse Impacts Indicators was applied.

In addition, the Strategy has considered principal adverse impacts through active ownership. Where material adverse impacts have been identified in relation to an investee company, such impacts have in some cases formed the basis for an engagement with the investee company.

The principal adverse impacts of an investee company have been integrated into the investment decision-making process along with other factors such as financial and commercial factors and sustainability risks.

Adverse sustainability	y indicator	Metric	Impact 2024	Impact 2023
CLIMATE AND OTHER		ATED INDICATORS		
Greenhouse gas	1. GHG emissions	Scope 1 GHG emissions	3597.12 tonne CO2e	6208.62 tonne CO2e
emissions				
		Scope 2 GHG emissions	4327.3 tonne CO2e	5252.96 tonne CO2e
		From 1 January 2024,	64841.59 tonne	191140.6 tonne
		Scope 3 GHG emissions	CO2e	CO2e
		Total GHG emissions	72790.28 tonne	194441.06 tonne
			CO2e	CO2e
	2. Carbon	Carbon footprint	465.55 tonne CO2e /	537.37 tonne CO2e /
	footprint		EUR M invested	EUR M invested
	3. GHG intensity	GHG intensity of investee	1357.94 tonne CO2e	1479.09 tonne CO2e
	of investee	companies	/ EUR M revenue	/ EUR M revenue
	companies			
	4. Exposure to	Share of investments in	10.77 %	4.78 %
	companies active	companies active in the		
	in the fossil fuel sector	fossil fuel sector		
	5. Share of non-	Share of investments in	Consumption:	Consumption:
	renewable energy	companies active in the	61.63 %	64.24 %
	consumption and	fossil fuel sector		
	production			
			Production: 1.45 %	
	6. Energy	Share of non-renewable	Total: 0.38 GWh /	Total: 0.35 GWh /
	consumption	energy consumption and	EUR M revenue	EUR M revenue
	intensity per high	non-renewable energy		
	impact climate	production of investee		
	sector	companies from non-	Sector C: 0.37 GWh /	Sector C: 0.34 GWh /
		renewable energy sources compared to renewable	EUR M revenue	EUR M revenue
		energy sources, expressed	6 . 5 . 6	
		as a percentage	Sector D: <0.01 GWh	Sector D: 0.93 GWh
			/ EUR M revenue	/ EUR M revenue
			Sector F: <0.01 GWh	
			/ EUR M revenue	
Biodiversity	7. Activities	Share of investments in	<0.01 %	4.5 %
	negatively	investee companies with		
	affecting	sites/operations located in		
	biodiversity-	or near to biodiversity-		
	sensitive areas	sensitive areas where		

		activities of those investee		
		companies negatively		
		affect those areas		
Water	8. Emissions to	Tonnes of emissions to	<0.01 tonne / EUR M	<0.01 tonne / EUR M
	water	water generated by	invested	invested
		investee companies per		
		million EUR invested,		
		expressed as a weighted		
		average		
Waste	9. Hazardous	Tonnes of hazardous waste	0.52 tonne / EUR M	0.28 tonne / EUR M
	waste ratio	generated by investee	invested	invested
		companies per million EUR		
		invested, expressed as a		
		weighted average		
		MAN RIGHTS, ANTI-CORRUPTI		
Social and	10. Violations of	Share of investments in	3.24 %	16.83 %
employee matters	UN Global	investee companies that		
	Compact	have been involved in		
	principles and	violations of the UNGC		
	Organisation for	principles or OECD		
	Economic	Guidelines for		
	Cooperation and	Multinational Enterprises		
	Development			
	(OECD) Guidelines			
	for Multinational			
	Enterprises 11. Lack of	Share of investments in	0 %	0 %
	processes and	investee companies	0 %	0 %
	compliance	without policies to monitor		
	mechanisms to	compliance with the UNGC		
	monitor	principles or OECD		
	compliance with	Guidelines for		
	UN Global	Multinational Enterprises		
	Compact	or grievance/complaints		
	principles and	handling mechanisms to		
	OECD Guidelines	address violations of the		
	for Multinational	UNGC principles or OECD		
	Enterprises	Guidelines for		
		Multinational Enterprises		
	12. Unadjusted	Average unadjusted	8.89 %	7.82 %
	gender pay gap	gender pay gap of investee		
		companies		
	13. Board gender	Average ratio of female to	34.06 %	34.65 %
	diversity	male board members in		
		investee companies		
	14. Exposure to	Share of investments in	0 %	0 %
	controversial	investee companies		
	weapons (anti-	involved in the		
	personnel mines,	manufacture or selling of		
	cluster munitions,	controversial weapons		
	chemical			
	weapons and			
	biological			
ADDITIONAL CLIMAT	weapons)	 ONMENT-RELATED INDICATOR	 	
Emissions	4. Investments in	Share of investments in	26.49 %	33.82 %
	companies	investee companies		
	without carbon	without carbon emission		
	emission	reduction initiatives aimed		
	reduction	at aligning with the Paris		
	initiatives	Agreement		
	ORS FOR SOCIAL AND	EMPLOYEE, RESPECT FOR HU	IMAN RIGHTS, ANTI-CO	RRUPTION AND ANTI-
BRIBERY MATTERS	I 4= 1 1 2 2			1 2 70 64
Anti-corruption	15. Lack of anti-	Share of investments in	0 %	2.76 %
•			ì	1
and anti-bribery	corruption and	entities without policies on		
	anti-bribery	anti-corruption and		
-	-			

	Convention against	
	Corruption	



What were the top investments of this financial product?

The list includes the investments constituting the greatest proportion of investments of the financial product during the reference period which is: 01/01-2024 to 31/12-2024.

Largest investments 2024	Sector 2024	% Assets 2024	Country 2024
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company	Information Technology	8.76%	Taiwan
Novo Nordisk A/S	Health Care	4.46%	Denmark
SAP SE	Information Technology	4.04%	Germany
Air Liquide SA	Materials	4%	France
HDFC Bank Ltd ADR	Financials	3.76%	India
Linde Plc	Materials	3.45%	United Kingdom
HOYA Corporation	Health Care	3.05%	Japan
ASML Holding Nv	Information Technology	3.03%	Netherlands
AstraZeneca Plc	Health Care	2.96%	United Kingdom
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company - ADR	Information Technology	2.79%	Taiwan
RELX Plc	Industrials	2.68%	United Kingdom
Schneider Electric SE	Industrials	2.68%	France
Nestle SA	Consumer Staples	2.66%	Switzerland
Sony Group Corporation	Consumer Discretionary	2.59%	Japan
LVMH Moet Hennessy Louis Vuitton SE	Consumer Discretionary	2.58%	France

Sector 2023	% Assets 2023	Country 2023
Health Care	7.2%	Denmark
Financials	6.1%	India
Information Technology	5.5%	Netherlands
Industrials	4.7%	United Kingdom
Consumer Staples	4.3%	Switzerland
Consumer Discretionary	4.1%	France
Industrials	4.1%	Germany
Health Care	4.0%	United Kingdom
Consumer Discretionary	3.8%	Japan
Health Care	3.7%	Japan
	Health Care Financials Information Technology Industrials Consumer Staples Consumer Discretionary Industrials Health Care Consumer Discretionary	Health Care 7.2% Financials 6.1% Information Technology 5.5% Industrials 4.7% Consumer Staples 4.3% Consumer Discretionary 4.1% Industrials 4.1% Health Care 4.0% Consumer Discretionary 3.8%

L'Oreal	Consumer Staples	3.5%	France
SAP SE	Information Technology	3.4%	Germany
Daikin Industries	Industrials	3.3%	Japan
TSMC - ADR	Information Technology	3.1%	Taiwan
Air Liquide SA	Materials	3.0%	France

Largest investments 2022	Sector 2022	% Assets 2022	Country 2022
HDFC Bank - ADR	Financials	7.5%	India
Novo Nordisk B	Health Care	6.5%	Denmark
ASML	Information Technology	5.3%	Netherlands
Swedish Match	Consumer Staples	5.3%	Sweden
Ferguson	Industrials	4.4%	United Kingdom
Sony Group	Consumer Discretionary	4.3%	Japan
Nestle	Consumer Staples	4.2%	Switzerland
AstraZeneca	Health Care	4.2%	United Kingdom
Hoya	Health Care	4.1%	Japan
LVMH	Consumer Discretionary	3.7%	France
Daikin Industries	Industrials	3.7%	Japan
Siemens	Industrials	3.6%	Germany
TSMC - ADR	Information Technology	3.5%	Taiwan
Samsung Electr GDR	Information Technology	3.3%	Korea, Republic of
AIA Group	Financials	3.2%	Hong Kong

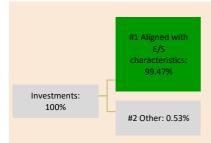
The top investments of the Strategy are calculated based on the average of the quarterly values of the Strategy.



What was the proportion of sustainability-related investments?

What was the asset allocation?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in specific assets.



#1 Aligned with E/S characteristics includes the investments of the financial product used to attain the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the financial product.

#2 Other includes the remaining investments of the financial product which are neither aligned with the environmental or social characteristics, nor are qualified as sustainable investments.

	2024	
#1 Aligned with E/S	99.47%	
characteristics		
#2 Other	0.53%	

The investments of the Strategy mainly consist of equities. All equities were used to meet the environmental or social characteristics promoted by the Strategy, in accordance with the binding elements of the investment strategy (#1).

The remaining investments of the Strategy consist of cash held as ancillary liquidity (#2).

To comply with the EU Taxonomy, the criteria for fossil gas include limitations on emissions and switching to fully renewable power or low-carbon fuels by the end of 2035. For nuclear energy, the criteria include comprehensive safety and waste management rules.

Enabling activities directly enable other activities to make a substantial contribution to an environmental objective.

Transitional activities are economic activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available and that have greenhouse gas emission levels corresponding to the best performance.

In which economic sectors were the investments made?

Sector	Weight
Pharmaceuticals	10.24 %
Diversified Banks	8.07 %
Building Products	5.57 %
Trading Companies & Distributors	5.05 %
Industrial Gases	4.80 %
Application Software	4.75 %
Industrial Machinery & Supplies & Components	4.69 %
Semiconductors	4.59 %
Semiconductor Materials & Equipment	4.56 %
Health Care Supplies	3.90 %
Packaged Foods & Meats	3.45 %
Apparel Accessories & Luxury Goods	3.36 %
Industrial Conglomerates	3.31 %
Consumer Electronics	3.28 %
Personal Care Products	3.18 %
Research & Consulting Services	3.09 %
Electronic Equipment & Instruments	3.02 %
Financial Exchanges & Data	3.00 %
Electrical Components & Equipment	2.93 %
Electric Utilities	2.88 %
Life & Health Insurance	2.83 %
Distillers & Vintners	2.39 %
Construction & Engineering	2.29 %
Construction Machinery & Heavy Transportation Equipment	1.99 %
Restaurants	1.67 %
Technology Hardware Storage & Peripherals	1.09 %



To what extent were sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

% of aligned investments	Enabling (An economic activity that enables other activities to contribute to an environmental objective)	Transition (Activities that are crucial to the economy but are not currently close to a net-zero carbon emission level)	Own Performance (An economic activity that is performed in an environmentally sustainable way)
Climate Change Mitigation	2%	0%	<0.5%
Climate Change Adaptation	0%	-	0%
Biodiversity & Ecosystem	-	-	0%
Pollution Prevention & Control	-	-	0%
Water & Marine Resources	<0.5%	-	0%
Circular Economy	<0.5%	-	<0.5%

Did this financial product invest in fossil g	gas and/or nuclear energy related activities
complying with the EU Taxonomy ¹ ?	

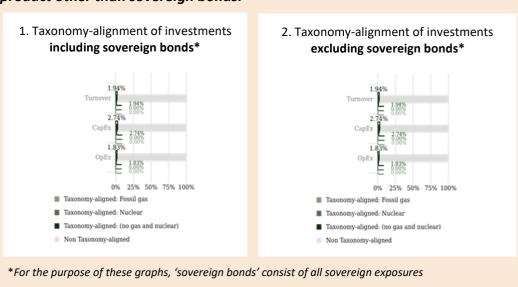
	Ye	s:	
		In fossil gas	In nuclear energy
X	No	•	

¹ Fossil gas and/or nuclear related activities will only comply with the EU Taxonomy where they contribute to limiting climate change ("climate change mitigation") and do no significant harm to any EU Taxonomy objective- see explanatory note in the left hand margin. The full criteria for fossil gas and nuclear energy economic activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy are laid down in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1214.

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover reflecting the share of revenue from green activities of investee companies
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.

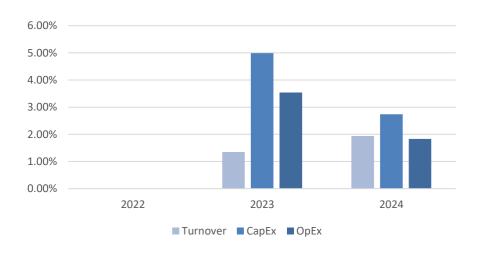
The graphs below show in green the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.



Where data is not available directly from the companies, estimated data is used from a third-party data provider.

Any compliance of the investments with the criteria under Article 3 of the EU Taxonomy has not been subject to an audit statement.

- What was the share of investments made in transitional and enabling activities?
 - 1.79% of the portfolio is aligned with the EU Taxonomy through enabling activities only.
- How did the percentage of investments that were aligned with the EU Taxonomy compare with previous reference periods?





What investments were included under "other", what was their purpose and were there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

Cash is held as ancillary liquidity. There are no minimum environmental or social safeguards. Investments under "other" are not used for hedging.



What actions have been taken to meet the environmental and/or social characteristics during the reference period?

Sector exclusions and controversial weapons

During the reference period screenings were conducted at the time of a new investment and on a regular basis during the holding period to ensure that no investee companies exceeded the level of involvement in the sectors mentioned above. Morningstar Sustainalytics is utilised to conduct these monthly screenings.

Number of investee companies sold due to sector exclusions or controversial weapons			
2024	2023	2022	
0	0	0	

Principal Adverse Impacts

As for the PAIs all investee companies have been screened regularly — and as a minimum once a year - during the holding period via a proprietary analysis tool. Where material adverse impacts have been identified in relation to an investee company, such impacts may form the basis for an engagement with the investee company.

The Strategy has considered principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors as part of its investment decision process as specified in the PAI statement of the Investment Manager.

The PAI statement is available at https://cworldwide.com/downloads/statement-on-principal-adverse-impacts-of-investment-decisions-on-sustainability-factors/

	2024
Amount of new PAI analysis made	3
Amount of updated PAI analysis	25

Active ownership

Engagement is an integral part of the investment process. It is anchored directly with the portfolio management team responsible for the Strategy.

	2024	2023	2022	
Total numbers of engagement:	20	21	29	
	Climate Change	Climate Change	Climate Change	
Top 3 topics within Environment	Circular Economy	Energy Management	Circular Economy	
	Energy Management	Recycling	Water Management	
	Product Quality & Safety	Selling Practices & Product Labelling	Employee Engagement, Diversity & Inclusion	
Top 3 topics within Social	Labour Practices	Labour Practices	Employee Health & Safety	
	Selling Practices & Product Labelling	Product Quality & Safety	Human Rights	
	Strategy	Competitive Behaviour	Strategy	
Top 3 topics within Governance	Quality of Management	Strategy	Business Ethics	
	Business Ethics	Legal Regulatory Environment	ESG Integration & Reporting	

All general meetings of investee companies have been monitored and voting rights were exercised.

Proxy Voting –	2024		2023		2022	
Overview						
Statistics						
Meetings Voted	100%	8	100%	29	100%	28
Proposals Voted	100%	105	100%	529	100%	476
Meetings with at	88%		31%		15%	
least one vote						
against						
management						
Proposal	73%	Board Related	47%	Board Related	32%	Director Election
Categories (Top	13%	Audit/Financials	16%	Compensation	17%	Discharge
3)	6%	Compensation	14%	Audit/Financials	10%	Routine Business